

SAE Aerospace
An SAE International Group

SAE AEROSPACE TECHNICAL REPORT STYLE MANUAL

AUGUST 2007

SAE AEROSPACE TECHNICAL REPORT STYLE MANUAL

This SAE Aerospace Technical Report Style Manual was prepared specifically for sponsors of SAE Aerospace Technical Reports (excluding Aerospace Material Specifications (AMS)). It contains all pertinent editorial and technical requirements for the preparation of SAE Aerospace Technical Reports, Aerospace Standards, Aerospace Recommended Practices, Aerospace Information Reports, and Aerospace Resource Documents (in inch-pound units/SI units versions). Editorial and technical requirements for the preparation of SAE AMS specifications can be found in the Manual for the Preparation of Aerospace Material Specifications.

This Style Manual documents SAE's editorial policies and procedures. Rapidly changing technology has greatly increased the need for consistency and standardization in standards production. The purpose of the Style Manual is to improve consistency in SAE Aerospace Technical Reports and, thereby, enhance utilization of new technology. It is designed to formalize existing procedures and practices and from these, create a thorough SAE Aerospace Technical Report production policy that will enable SAE to meet the needs of present and future technology.

Revised August 2007

SAE AEROSPACE TECHNICAL REPORT STYLE MANUAL

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1. SCOPE

Section 1 will be designated as the SCOPE, which should briefly describe only the applicability of the document. The SCOPE should not be a summary of the contents of the document and should not be confused with the FOREWORD, RATIONALE, etc. All documents MUST have a SCOPE.

1.1 Purpose

This paragraph is always numbered 1.1. It describes the purpose of your document.

2. REFERENCES

Section 2 shall be designated REFERENCES. All pertinent and/or reference documents shall be listed here. These documents shall be grouped by publisher and information shall be provided on where to obtain the documents. SAE documents always go first, then the rest go in alphabetical order.

2.1 Applicable Documents

The following publications form a part of this document to the extent specified herein. The latest issue of SAE publications shall apply. The applicable issue of other publications shall be the issue in effect on the date of the purchase order. In the event of conflict between the text of this document and references cited herein, the text of this document takes precedence. Nothing in this document, however, supersedes applicable laws and regulations unless a specific exemption has been obtained.

2.1.1 SAE Publications

Available from SAE International, 400 Commonwealth Drive, Warrendale, PA 15096-0001, Tel: 877-606-7323 (inside USA and Canada) or 724-776-4970 (outside USA), www.sae.org

AS1290	Graphic Symbols for Aircraft Hydraulic and Pneumatic Systems
ARP1987	Titles SAE G-3 Committee Document Selection of
TSB 003	Rules for SAE Use of SI (Metric) Units
SAE Technical Standards Board Governance Policy	

2.1.2 ANSI Publications

Available from American National Standards Institute, 25 West 43rd Street, New York, NY 10036-8002, Tel: 212-642-4900, www.ansi.org

ANSI/IEEE Std 260.1	American National Standard Letter Symbols for Units of Measurement
ANSI/IEEE Std 260.3	American National Standard Mathematical Signs and Symbols for Use in Physical Sciences and Technology

ISO and Federal Specifications

2.1.3 ASME Publications

Available from American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 22 Law Drive, P.O. Box 2900, Fairfield, NJ 07007-2900, Tel: 973-882-1170, www.asme.org

ASME Y14.38	Abbreviations and Acronyms
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2.1.4 IEEE Publications

Available from Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, 445 Hoes Lane, Piscataway, NJ 08854-1331, Tel: 732-981-0060, www.ieee.org

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IEEE/ASTM SI 10 Standard for Use of the International System of Units (SI): The Modern Metric System
2.1.5 U.S. Government Publications

Available from the Document Automation and Production Service (DAPS), Building 4/D, 700 Robbins Avenue, Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094, Tel: 215-697-6257, <http://assist.daps.dla.mil/quicksearch/>

MIL-STD-961C Military Specifications and Associated Documents, Preparation of
MIL-STD-100 Engineering Drawing Practices

2.2 Applicable References

The Chicago Manual of Style, 14th Edition, University of Chicago Press, Chicago, IL, 1993

United States Government Printing Office Style Manual 1984, (GPO), Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC, 1984

Merriam Webster's Collegiate Dictionary, Tenth Edition

2.3 Definitions

AEROSPACE MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS: Specifications that identify material and process specifications conforming to sound, established engineering and metallurgical practices in aerospace sciences and practices. These SAE Aerospace Technical Reports are published by the Technical Standards Division, SAE Headquarters with either the AMS (Aerospace Material Specification) or an MAM (Metric Aerospace Material Specification) prefix.

AEROSPACE RESOURCE DOCUMENT: These Aerospace Technical Reports provide the reader with technical and non-technical information which may support a technical report. Examples include rationale reports, results of round robin or field testing, field data or empirical data, and compilations of industry research results, but may also report on state-of-the-art technology or be a technology needs-assessment. These documents shall have a maximum life of two years from adoption and cannot be revised or reaffirmed. The sponsoring Technical Committee can cancel this report by ballot at any time. Unlike the other Aerospace Technical Reports, ARDs are considered non-consensus documents and require only one level (Committee) approval.

DESIGN SPECIFICATION: A specification that establishes the technical requirements for the design of:

- a. Part or assembly features
- b. Interface of parts or assemblies
- c. Mechanical, electrical, hydraulic, or pneumatic systems
- d. End item equipment

DESIGN STANDARD DRAWING: An engineering drawing of an aerospace part feature or of an assembly of parts specifying the design requirements for interface dimensions, performance limits, etc.

GRAPHIC SYMBOLS STANDARD: A standard containing a list of pictorial drawings that symbolize a device or part used in a given category of design engineering for developing schematic diagrams.

INSPECTION STANDARD: A standard that establishes the acceptable limits for quality control of defects in materials, parts, or assemblies. Also, a standard that establishes the acceptance criteria for design features on parts or assemblies.

INSTALLATION STANDARD: A standard that establishes the procedure for assembling parts or assemblies, including the preparation procedure, torque limits, precautions to be taken, inspection measures, etc.

PARTS PROCUREMENT SPECIFICATION: A specification prepared to support an engineering drawing for parts or assemblies, describing technical requirements, tests, qualification requirements, quality control requirements, and packaging for purchased material.

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PERFORMANCE STANDARD: A standard that establishes the minimum design parameters for the performance characteristics of: (1) design features, (2) parts or assemblies, (3) mechanical, electrical, hydraulic, or pneumatic systems, (4) accessory equipment, and (5) end item equipment.

SAE INFORMATION REPORTS: SAE Aerospace Technical Reports that are compilations of engineering reference data or educational material useful to the technical community. SAE Aerospace Information Reports are published by the Technical Standards Division, SAE Headquarters with an AIR prefix.

SAE RECOMMENDED PRACTICES: SAE Aerospace Technical Reports that are a documentation of practice, procedures, and technology that are intended as guides to standard engineering practice. Their content may be of a more general nature, or they may propound data that have not yet gained broad acceptance. This SAE Aerospace Technical Report type should emphasize the capabilities and limitations of the information contained therein. A technical committee preparing such a report may add an introductory note stating, "This SAE Recommended Practice is intended as a guide toward standard practice and is subject to change to keep pace with experience and technical advances." SAE Aerospace Recommended Practices are published by the Technical Standards Division, SAE Headquarters with an ARP (Aerospace Recommended Practice) or MAP (Metric Aerospace Recommended Practice) prefix.

SAE STANDARDS: SAE Aerospace Technical Reports that are a documentation of broadly accepted engineering practices or specifications for a material, product, process, procedure, or test method. These SAE Aerospace Technical Reports are published by the Technical Standards Division, SAE Headquarters with an AS (Aerospace Standard) or MA (Metric Aerospace Standard) prefix.

SPECIFICATION: A standard document prepared specifically to describe essential technical requirements for materials, processes, designs, performance, parts, installation, etc. to support engineering drawings and related publications.

STANDARD PARTS DRAWING: An engineering procurement drawing of aerospace utility parts, specifying all design and manufacturing requirements for part configuration and dimensions, material, finish, part number, and identification marking, test, inspection, packaging, etc.

SUPPLEMENT: A listing of associated detail standards citing the like numbered Parts Procurement Specification. No technical data shall be included in a supplement. Supplements are noted by a suffix. This suffix, without spacing, shall follow the Parts Procurement Specification number and shall be designated numerically; e.g. AS1424SUP1.

TECHNICAL REPORT: An SAE Aerospace Technical Report approved and issued by the SAE Technical Standards Board. These SAE Aerospace Technical Reports include standards, specifications, recommended practices, information reports, and resource documents.

TERMINOLOGY STANDARD: A standard containing a list of terms, related symbols, and definitions for a given category of design engineering.

TEST STANDARD: A standard that establishes the method of performing a test, including apparatus required, test specimen preparation, sampling method, calibration, procedure, interpretation of results, and reporting results of test.

3. EDITORIAL REQUIREMENTS

The requirements contained in this Section are of a strictly editorial nature. If, when submitted to SAE, an SAE Aerospace Technical Report does not comply, the Aerospace Standards Production Editor will edit the SAE Aerospace Technical Report to meet these requirements. Editorial requirements of a more technical nature are the responsibility of the preparing committee and are provided in Section 4.

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Adherence to the requirements in this section is mandatory for all SAE Aerospace Technical Reports. Any exceptions to these requirements should be approved in advance by the technical committee chairperson and the responsible staff engineer.

Editorial requirements in this section are presented alphabetically by subject heading.

3.1 Abbreviations and Symbols

Abbreviations should be used sparingly, especially those SAE Aerospace Technical Reports used for procurement of parts. The chief purpose of SAE standard parts drawings and specifications is to express and convey engineering requirements in unmistakable terms to those who use them. In many cases these drawings and specifications are sent to suppliers and customers who must interpret them without having access to these abbreviations. The following rules shall apply:

- a. Common abbreviations and symbols are used without definition, e.g., 100 °C.
- b. The first time that an abbreviation or symbol of uncommon usage is used in the text, the full term shall be given with the abbreviation or symbol following in parentheses.
- c. Where a sentence begins with an abbreviation consisting of several letters, and the sentence cannot be rewritten, all the letters of the abbreviation shall be uppercase letters.
- d. For expressing the units in which quantities are measured, metric (SI) units have been prescribed by the SAE Board of Directors and the SAE Technical Standards Board. Metric (SI) will be the only system used for expressing weights and measures without the approval of the individual councils/divisions.

The Aerospace Council of SAE recognizes several factors impacting the aerospace industry which are leading to a change over to the SI metric system of measurements. The Aerospace Council further recognizes that the transition to the metric system will occur several years and that inch system aerospace items will be in manufacture and field service well into the 21st Century. Accordingly, the SAE Aerospace Council will continue the development of documents required for support of the inch system items in design, development, manufacture and/or field service.

- e. SI and U.S. customary units in accordance with TSB 003 shall be used whenever the unit of measure follows a number (i.e., "6 ft" but "measured in feet").
- f. In accordance with TSB 003, periods are omitted after abbreviations for units of measure.
- g. Most Latin abbreviations (i.e., e.g., etc.) retain the periods, however, if in doubt, check Webster's Dictionary.
- h. Do not use an "s" to form a plural of an abbreviation (i.e., 5 in not 5 ins).
- i. The ° is not used when referring to angles. Spell out degree or degrees.

3.2 Appendices

- 3.2.1 Appendices shall be identified by a letter (i.e., Appendix A) and title and centered on the page. See example:

APPENDIX A - TITLE

- 3.2.2 Letters shall be assigned sequentially from their first mention in the text. All appendices shall be mentioned in text.
- 3.2.3 All appendices shall be located at the end of the SAE Aerospace Technical Report.

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- 3.2.4 The first section of the appendix shall be numbered A.1 with subsequent paragraphs numbered as A.1.1, A.1.1.1, A.1.2, etc. The second section shall be A.2; the third, A.3, etc.
- 3.2.5 Figures, tables, and equations within an appendix shall be numbered FIGURE A#, TABLE A#, and Eq. A# (i.e., FIGURE A1). Footnotes within appendices shall carry-over the sequential numbering from the text.

3.3 CAUTION Within Text

Cautions shall be formatted as follows:

CAUTION: The word Caution shall be all caps and followed by a colon. The text of the caution shall be indented to align with the first word of the caution text.

3.4 Cross-References

- 3.4.1 References to parts within the SAE Aerospace Technical Report shall only be used to clarify a specified requirement, and to avoid inconsistencies or unnecessary repetition. Cross-references shall be used rather than repetition since repetition involves the risk of error and increases the length of the SAE Aerospace Technical Report.
- 3.4.2 All references to text, tables, figures, and SAE Aerospace Technical Reports shall be verified as to their accuracy and that they are in fact included as referenced.
- 3.4.3 References to Parts of the Text

Where the reference is to a specific section, appendix, or a specific paragraph number use the following form without titles:

- a. (see Section 3)
- b. (see Appendix A)
- c. (see 3.4)

3.4.4 References to Tables and Figures

Every table and figure shall be referred to in the text with a suitable explanation given as to its use. Reference shall not be made to the page on which a table or figure appears. Use a form similar to one of the following:

- a. specified in Table 2
- b. (see Table 2)
- c. as illustrated in Figure 3
- d. (see Figure 3)

3.4.5 References to Other Technical Reports

Reference to another document shall be made only to the document number, omitting its title. The complete reference, with document number, title, and ordering facility, is given in Section 2.

References to particular paragraphs of other documents shall be avoided because of the risk of such references becoming invalid as a result of revision. The particular portion of the document to be referenced shall be referred to by title, method number, identified requirement, or other definitive designation.

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3.5 Date (Issued/Revised)

The date(s) shall be specified numerically with the year and the month. Example: 1994-04

3.6 Decimal Values

See Section 3.17.

3.7 Equations

3.7.1 Each equation or group of equations shall be identified by number. Any equation or group of equations, separated with intervening text from the preceding equation, must have a new identifying number.

3.7.2 The equation number shall be preceded by "Eq." and enclosed in parentheses. Each equation shall be centered within the margins. See example:

$$x = (a \times b) + (c - d) \quad (\text{Eq. 1})$$

3.7.3 The format for defining terms within an equation is as follows:

where:

x = The value to be determined
 a = 3
 b = 1
 a x y = n
 d = 7.5

To create an equation: Insert, Object, Microsoft Equation 3.0. Do not use MathType to create equations because it is not compatible with all systems.

3.8 Equivalency Statement

3.8.1 Equivalency statements shall be one line and included in the title block but separate and distinct from the title. If further reference is required, the title block comment shall refer to the appropriate section in the document where a full reference description can be given.

3.9 Figures

3.9.1 Numbering Figures

Every figure shall be consecutively numbered with Arabic numerals in order of their reference in the text. Every Appendix figure shall be consecutively numbered in order of their reference in the Appendix.

3.9.2 All figures shall be mentioned in the text. With few exceptions, the figures will appear as soon after the first mention as the layout will permit.

3.9.3 Figures in tables shall carry over the sequential numbering of figures from the text.

3.9.4 The figure caption, including a short, descriptive title shall be placed below the figure. The word FIGURE in uppercase letters shall precede the Arabic numeral which is followed by a space and then a hyphen. The words in the title shall be uppercase letters. Figure captions shall appear outside of artwork border. See example:

FIGURE 12 - TITLE

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3.12.2 Section Headings

All section headings (i.e., 1. SCOPE, 2. REFERENCES) shall be flush left and all caps.

3.12.3 Primary Paragraph Headings

All primary paragraph headings (x.x paragraph numbers) shall be flush left with an initial cap for each major word in the title.

3.12.4 Secondary and All Subsequent Headings

Headings for secondary (x.x.x paragraph numbers) and all subsequent (x.x.x.+ paragraph numbers) shall be flush left with an initial cap for each major word in the title. If there is not a title, text will begin on same line as paragraph number.

3.13 Key Words

3.13.1 The capability of SAE Aerospace Technical Reports to be searched electronically and be accessible via a database, it is important that significant terms (those in-text and not included in-text) be listed in the NOTES Section under the heading of "Key Words."

The significant terms shall be listed in a string, separated by commas, and typed in lowercase letters. See example:

Aerospace, engines, icing, jet engines, propulsion

3.14 Listings

3.14.1 The preferred method for presenting a list is with each item in the list identified by a lowercase letter. This type of listing is set flush left. The first letter of each entry is capitalized. All carry-over lines align with the first letter of that entry. See example:

a. The first item in the list

1. First subdivision; any carryover portion of the text will be aligned as is indicated here

(a) Second subdivision

b. The second item in the list

c. Etc.

3.14.2 All entries within a list should parallel each other grammatically: if one entry is a complete sentence, all entries should be; if the verb tense is active in one entry, it should be active in all entries.

3.14.3 In-text listings that are not set off from the text with double spaces shall be presented in the following manner:

Typical data included (1) rpm, (2) mpg, and (3) mph.

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3.15 "NOTE" Within Text

Notes shall be formatted as follows:

NOTE: The word Note shall be all caps and followed by a colon. The text of the Note shall be indented to align with the first word of the Note text.

3.16 Notes Section

The last numbered section shall be NOTES. This section shall contain the (R) statement for revisions and the Key Words paragraph and as applicable, statement of patentability and other relevant information.

3.17 Numbers

3.17.1 All numbers between one and ten, inclusive, should be written out unless followed by a unit of measure (i.e., cm, in, etc.). All numbers greater than ten should be expressed in numerical form, regardless of what they precede. All numbers followed by a unit of measure shall be expressed in numerical form unless it begins a sentence.

However, the following exceptions shall apply:

- a. Never begin a sentence with a numeral. Preferably, the sentence should be restructured to avoid writing out a number larger than ten. If absolutely essential to begin a sentence with a number, it should be spelled out.
- b. When there is more than one number within a sentence, they should both appear in the same form.

3.17.2 The decimal sign shall be the decimal point (dot or .) for both inch-pound and SI units.

3.17.3 Numbers less than one expressed as decimals must always be preceded by a zero before the decimal point (i.e., 0.25) in text and nonparts drawing tables.

3.17.4 A cross (x), not a center dot (\cdot), shall be used to indicate multiplication of numerical values. See example:

1.8×10^{-3} and not $1.8 \cdot 10^{-3}$

3.17.5 For groups of terms in a formula, parentheses, brackets, or braces are used to indicate multiplication.

3.17.6 When referring to numerical values of physical quantities, the Arabic numerals are followed by the symbol for the unit. A space should be left between the numerical value and the unit symbol. Exception: No space is left between the numerical value and the symbols for degree, minute, and second of plane angles.

3.17.7 Tolerances shall be indicated in the following manner in the text:

- a. $20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 5\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
- b. $250\text{ }^{\circ}\text{F} \pm 10\text{ }^{\circ}\text{F}$
- c. $1.25\text{ in} \pm 0.01\text{ in}$
- d. $80\text{ mm} \pm 2\text{ mm}$
- e. $100\text{ m} \pm 5\text{ m}$

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Where unequal tolerances are involved, express min and max values in lieu of tolerancing in the text, as follows:

- a. 5 to 12 in
- b. 19 to 22 °C
- c. 63 to 68%

Refer to ASME Y14.5M for rules on dimensioning and tolerancing drawings.

3.18 Prepared By Statement

- 3.18.1 All SAE Aerospace Technical Reports shall contain a "JURISDICTION" statement. This statement shall not have a paragraph number and shall be in all caps and centered across the bottom of the last page before any appendices. See example:

PREPARED BY SAE SUBCOMMITTEE AE-8C2, TERMINATING DEVICES OF
COMMITTEE AE-8, AEROSPACE ELECTRICAL/ELECTRONIC DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS

3.19 Proprietary Names

The use of proprietary rules shall conform to TSB Governance Policy which states:

..."No proprietary names or trademarks shall be used in SAE Aerospace Technical Reports without written permission of the owner together with a generic description of the product sufficient to enable a user to conform to the SAE Aerospace Technical Report without resort to such proprietary product."

It is the sponsor's responsibility to recognize proprietary information.

3.20 Punctuation

3.20.1 Apostrophe

Apostrophes in acronyms or dates shall not be used to indicate plurals (i.e., DNAs and 1990s not DNA's or 1920's). In general, inanimate objects cannot "own" anything (i.e., the world population not the world's population).

3.20.2 Comma

Grammatical rules as itemized in the Chicago Manual of Style shall apply. The placement of a comma, however, is occasionally arbitrary -- a matter of personal preference and an enigmatic quality called "readability." The placement of commas is mainly a matter of good judgment and ease of reading shall be of foremost importance.

In addition to the grammatical rules contained in the Chicago Manual of Style, the following rules shall apply to commas:

- a. In a series of three or more, use a comma after each element (apples, oranges, and pears).
- b. Do not place a comma after etc. when it is used as an element of a series. Simply place one before it (apples, oranges, etc.)
- c. Use a comma before and after "i.e." and "e.g." Parentheses may be substituted for the comma that precedes the word (i.e.).
- d. Use a comma before "respectively" if it falls at the end of a sentence. Use commas before and after if it falls in the middle of a sentence.
- e. Use a comma in numerals containing five or more digits (e.g., 20,000; 200,000; etc.).

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3.20.3 Hyphen

Sound editorial judgment and readability shall be the guideposts in the use of hyphens. As always, Webster's Dictionary shall be the final authority on the use of hyphens.

Some specific rules of hyphenation are included here:

- a. Hyphens should be used only when absolutely necessary for clarity.
- b. In all instances, Webster's Dictionary is our accepted authority. Unless there is a compelling reason to deviate, follow the form indicated there, even if the specific example is not included therein (particularly in the case of double letters, i.e., anti-influenza and reestablish).
- c. Words preceded by pre, post, re, non, semi, anti, etc. are generally one word, with no hyphen between the prefix and the following word.
- d. Words preceded by self, cross, or well are generally hyphenated if they modify a noun. If they are not modifying a noun, they are generally left as two words.
- e. Adverbs ending in "ly" are not hyphenated (i.e., naturally occurring).
- f. Compound numbers and fractions are hyphenated (i.e., twenty-three and one-fourth).

3.20.4 Parentheses

In addition to the rules in Chicago Manual of Style, the following rules are specific to SAE or are provided for ease of reference:

- a. No punctuation mark should directly precede parentheses unless the parenthetical material is a complete sentence and treated as such.
- b. If necessary to place parentheses inside of parentheses, the outermost pair becomes brackets.
- c. Parentheses should be used to set off numbers in a series presented in text [i.e., (1) apples, (2) oranges, and (3) pears].

3.20.5 Quotation Marks

The rules governing quotation marks given in the Chicago Manual of Style shall apply. Rules frequently violated or specific to SAE are as follows:

- a. Closing quotation marks when citing an actual quotation always follow periods and commas. Colons, semicolons, exclamation points, and question marks are placed outside of the closing quotation marks unless they are part of the quoted matter.
- b. The use of quotation marks for emphasis or to indicate a term, slang, etc. is imprecise and should be discouraged. However, if quotation marks are used for emphasis, all punctuation should appear after the closing quotation mark.

3.21 Ranges

3.21.1 In text, use "to" to indicate a range. Example: Pour 2 to 4 L of fluid

3.21.2 In tables and figures, a closed hyphen shall be used to indicate a range (2-4 L). If either number is preceded by a minus, use "to" and be consistent within that table.

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3.21.3 In a range, the unit follows only the last number if the units are the same (i.e., 3 to 4 cm).

3.22 Rationale

Aerospace documents must contain a RATIONALE. The RATIONALE will appear as an unnumbered paragraph before 1. SCOPE. The RATIONALE defines the need for developing a standard or the factor(s) which prompt a revision.

3.23 References or Applicable Documents Section

3.23.1 Section 2 shall always be either REFERENCES or APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS. Section 2 shall include, as required, paragraphs for Applicable Documents, Related Publications, Definitions, Terminology, and Symbols.

3.23.2 If the only references contained within this section are documents, this section shall be titled APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS and subsequent paragraphs shall be numbered accordingly. If there are nondocument references or definitions, etc. provided in this section, the section shall be titled REFERENCES with Applicable Documents becoming the first primary paragraph in the section.

If there are no references, the following statement shall be included:

2. REFERENCES

There are no referenced publications specified herein.

3.23.3 Applicable Documents

Primary paragraph 2.1 shall be Applicable Documents. All pertinent and/or reference publications shall be listed here. These publications shall be grouped by publisher and information shall be provided on obtaining the publications. The format for presenting this paragraph is as follows:

2.1 Applicable Documents

The following publications form a part of this document to the extent specified herein. The latest issue of SAE publications shall apply. The applicable issue of other publications shall be the issue in effect on the date of the purchase order. In the event of conflict between the text of this document and references cited herein, the text of this document takes precedence. Nothing in this document, however, supersedes applicable laws and regulations unless a specific exemption has been obtained.

2.1.1 SAE Publications

Available from SAE International, 400 Commonwealth Drive, Warrendale, PA 15096-0001, Tel: 877-606-7323 (inside USA and Canada) or 724-776-4970 (outside USA), www.sae.org.

ARP1234	Title
AIR2345	Title

2.1.2 ASTM Publications

Available from ASTM International, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, P.O. Box C700, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959, Tel: 610-832-9585, www.astm.org.

ASTM A 1234	Title
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2.1.3 U.S. Government Publications

Available from the Document Automation and Production Service (DAPS), Building 4/D, 700 Robbins Avenue, Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094, Tel: 215-697-6257, <http://assist.daps.dla.mil/quicksearch/>.

3.23.4 Commonly referenced organizations and their addresses include the following:

AECMA PUBLICATIONS

Available from National Standards Association, 1200 Quince Orchard Boulevard, Gaithersburg, MD 20878, www.aecma.org.

AIA PUBLICATIONS

Available from Aerospace Industries Association, 1000 Wilson Boulevard, Suite 1700, Arlington, VA 22209-3928, Tel: 703-358-1000, www.aia-aerospace.org.

ANSI PUBLICATIONS

Available from American Iron and Steel Institute, 1140 Connecticut Avenue, NW, Suite 705, Washington, DC 20036, Tel: 202-452-7100, www.steel.org.

ANSI PUBLICATIONS

Available from American National Standards Institute, 25 West 43rd Street, New York, NY 10036-8002, Tel: 212-642-4900, www.ansi.org.

API AND IP PUBLICATIONS

Available from American Petroleum Institute, 1220 L Street, NW, Washington, DC 20005-4070, Tel: 202-682-8000, <http://api-ec.api.org>.

ARINC PUBLICATIONS

Available from ARINC, 2551 Riva Road, Annapolis, MD 21401. www.arinc.com.

ASME PUBLICATIONS

Available from American Society of Mechanical Engineers, 22 Law Drive, P.O. Box 2900, Fairfield, NJ 07007-2900, Tel: 973-882-1170, www.asme.org.

ASQ PUBLICATIONS

Available from American Society for Quality, 600 North Plankinton Avenue, Milwaukee, WI 53203, Tel: 800-248-1946 (United States or Canada) or +1-414-272-8575 (International), www.asq.org.

ASTM PUBLICATIONS

Available from ASTM International, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, P.O. Box C700, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959, Tel: 610-832-9585, www.astm.org.

ATA PUBLICATIONS

Available from Air Transport Association of America, Inc., 1301 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, Suite 1100, Washington, DC 20004-1707, Tel: 202-626-4000, www.airlines.org.

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AWS PUBLICATIONS

Available from American Welding Society, 550 NW LeJeune Road, Miami, FL 33126, Tel: 1-800-443-9353, www.aws.org.

CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS (CFR)

Available from the United States Government Printing Office, 732 North Capitol Street, NW, Washington, DC 20401, Tel: 202-512-0000, www.gpoaccess.gov.

CIE PUBLICATIONS

Available from Commission Internationale de l'Eclairage, CIE Central Bureau, Kegelgasse 27, A-1030 Wien, Austria, Tel: +43-1-714-31-87-0, www.cie.co.at.

CSA PUBLICATIONS

Available from CSA International, 178 Rexdale Boulevard, Toronto, Ontario, Canada M9W 1R3, Tel: 416-747-4000, www.csa-international.org.

EASA PUBLICATIONS

Available from European Aviation Safety Agency, Postfach 10 12 53, D-50452 Koeln, Germany, Tel: +49-221-8999-000, www.easa.eu.int.

ECA PUBLICATIONS

Available from ECA, 2500 Wilson Boulevard, Arlington, VA 22201, Tel: 703-907-8024, www.ec-central.org.

EIA PUBLICATIONS

Available from Electronic Industries Alliance, 2500 Wilson Boulevard, Arlington, VA 22201-3834, Tel: 703-907-7500, www.eia.org.

EUROPEAN AVIATION REGULATIONS

Available from European Aviation Safety Agency, Otto Platz 1, Postfach 101253, D-50452, Cologne, Germany, www.easa.eu.int.

EUROPEAN UNION PUBLICATIONS

Available from European Aviation Safety Agency, Postfach 10 12 53, D-50452 Koeln, Germany, Tel: +49-0-221-8999-0000, www.easa.eu.int.

FAA PUBLICATIONS

Available from Federal Aviation Administration, 800 Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, DC 20591, Tel: 866-835-5322, www.faa.gov.

FAR PUBLICATIONS

Available from Federal Aviation Administration, 800 Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, DC 20591, Tel: 866-835-5322, www.faa.gov.

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IATA PUBLICATIONS

Available from International Air Transport Association, Publications Assistant, 800 Place Victoria, P.O. Box 113, Montreal, Quebec H4Z 1M1, Canada, Tel: 1-514-874-0202, www.iata.org.

ICAO PUBLICATIONS

Available from ICAO, Document Sales Unit, 999 University Street, Montreal, Quebec H3C 5H7 Canada, Tel: +1-514-954-8022, <http://icaodsu.openface.ca/mainpage.ch2>.

IEC PUBLICATIONS

Available from International Electrotechnical Commission, 3, rue de Varembe, P.O. Box 131, 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland, Tel: +44-22-919-02-11, www.iec.ch.

IEEE PUBLICATIONS

Available from Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, 445 Hoes Lane, Piscataway, NJ 08854-1331, Tel: 732-981-0060, www.ieee.org.

IPC-ASSOCIATION CONNECTING ELECTRONICS INDUSTRIES

Available from IPC, 3000 Lakeside Drive, Bannockburn, IL 60015, Tel: 847-597-2862, www.ipc.org.

ISO PUBLICATIONS

Available from American National Standards Institute, 25 West 43rd Street, New York, NY 10036-8002, Tel: 212-642-4900, www.ansi.org.

or if using the Switzerland address:

Available from International Organization for Standardization, 1, rue de Varembe, Case postale 56, CH-1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland, Tel: +41-22-749-01-11, www.iso.org.

NACA REPORTS

Available from National Technical Information Service, 5285 Port Royal Road, Springfield, VA 22161. www.ntis.gov.

NACE PUBLICATIONS

Available from NACE International, 1440 South Creek Drive, Houston, TX 77084-4906, Tel: 1-800-797-6223, www.nace.org.

NAS PUBLICATIONS

Available from Aerospace Industries Association, 1000 Wilson Boulevard, Suite 1700, Arlington, VA 22209-3928, Tel: 703-358-1000, www.aia-aerospace.org.

NASA PUBLICATIONS

Available from NASA, Documentation, Marshall Space Flight Center, AL 35812, www.nas.nasa.gov.

NASA KSC PUBLICATIONS

Available from NASA, John F. Kennedy Space Center, Mail Code: Library-D, Kennedy Space Center, FL 32899, www.ksc.nasa.gov.

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NATIONAL CONFERENCE OF STANDARDS LABORATORIES (NCSL)

National Conference of Standards Laboratories, 2995 Wilderness Place, Suite 107, Boulder, CO 80301-5404, Tel: 303-440-3339, www.ncsli.org.

NEMA PUBLICATIONS

Available from National Electrical Manufacturers Association, 1300 North 17th Street, Suite 1752, Roslyn, VA 22209, Tel: 703-841-3200, www.nema.org.

NFPA PUBLICATIONS

Available from National Fire Protection Agency, 1 Batterymarch Park, Quincy, MA 02169-7471, Tel: 617-770-3000, www.nfpa.org.

NIST PUBLICATIONS

Available from National Institute of Standards and Technology, 100 Bureau Drive, Stop 1070, Gaithersburg, MD 20899-1070, Tel: 301-975-6478, www.nist.gov.

OSHA PUBLICATIONS

Available from U.S. Department of Labor/OSHA, OSHA Publications, P.O. Box 37535, Washington, DC 20013-7535, Tel: 202-693-1888, www.osha.gov/pls/publications/pubindex.list.

PRI PUBLICATIONS

Available from Performance Review Institute, 161 Thorn Hill Road, Warrendale, PA 15086-7527, Tel: 724-772-1616, www.pri-network.org.

PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE PUBLICATIONS

Available from U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, 200 Independence Avenue, Washington, DC 20201, Tel: 877-696-6775, www.os.dhhs.gov.

RTCA PUBLICATIONS

Available from Radio Technical Commission for Aeronautics Inc., 1828 L Street, NW, Suite 805, Washington, DC 20036, Tel: 202-833-9339, www.rtca.org.

SAE PUBLICATIONS

Available from SAE International, 400 Commonwealth Drive, Warrendale, PA 15096-0001, Tel: 877-606-7323 (inside USA and Canada) or 724-776-4970 (outside USA), www.sae.org.

STEEL TANK INSTITUTE PUBLICATIONS

Available from Steel Tank Institute, 570 Oakwood Road, Lake Zurich, IL 60047, Tel: 847-438-8265, www.steeltank.com.

TIA PUBLICATIONS

Available from Telecommunications Industry Association, 2500 Wilson Boulevard, Suite 300, Arlington, VA 22201, Tel: 703-907-7700, www.tiaonline.org/standards/.

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3.25 Revision Indicators

To indicate changes from the previous revision, use the change bar (|). If the entire SAE Aerospace Technical Report has been rewritten, the (R) symbol shall be placed directly to the left of the title. When utilizing the (|) or (R) symbol, the following statement will be included in the Notes section:

The change bar (|) located in the left margin is for the convenience of the user in locating areas where technical revisions, not editorial changes, have been made to the previous issue of this document. An (R) symbol to the left of the document title indicates a complete revision of the document.

A change bar should not be used for: typos, corrections to references, or corrections to equations. These are considered editorial changes.

3.26 Sectional Arrangement

The requirements for sectional arrangement are described in these paragraphs and Table 1.

3.26.1 The first numbered section shall be 1. SCOPE. The statement of scope shall repeat the item (primary) name and its modifiers shown in the title, and shall define without ambiguity the subject matter.

Primary (1.x) and secondary (1.x.x) paragraphs of 1. SCOPE can be included at the discretion of the preparing committee. These paragraphs include Purpose, Field of Application, Product Classification, Form, etc.

3.26.2 The second section shall be 2. REFERENCES (or APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS). This section shall contain the applicable documents, definitions, terminology, and symbols referred to. Related publications not referenced may also be included here under a Related Publications subparagraph.

TABLE 1 - SECTIONAL ARRANGEMENT

Element	Status
RATIONALE	Required
INTRODUCTION	Optional (ISO format)
FOREWORD	Optional (see 3.11)
TABLE OF CONTENTS	Optional
1. SCOPE	Required
1.1 Purpose	Optional
1.2 Field of Application	Optional
1.3 Product Classification	Optional
1.4 Form	Optional
2. REFERENCES	Required (if only documents, title would be APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS)
2.1 Applicable Documents	As applicable
x.x Other Applicable References	As applicable
x.x Related Publications	As applicable
x.x Definitions	As applicable
x.x Symbols	As applicable
x.x Terminology	As applicable
3. XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	To be determined by the preparing committee; for technical requirements of specific SAE Aerospace Technical Report types, refer to Section 4
x. XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	Subsequent sections as determined by the preparing committee
y. NOTES	Required; the last numbered section shall be NOTES
y.1 Revision Indicator	As required
y.x Key Words	Required; the last numbered paragraph shall be Key Words

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3.27 Table of Contents

3.27.1 At the discretion of the preparing committee, an automated Table of Contents may be included. See example:

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.	SCOPE
2.	REFERENCES.....
3.	TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS
3.1	Icing Definitions
3.1.1	Icing Intensity.....
APPENDIX A	TITLE
FIGURE 1	TITLE
TABLE 1	TITLE

3.28 Tables

3.28.1 Numbering Tables

Every table shall be consecutively numbered with Arabic numerals in order of their reference in the text. Every Appendix table shall be consecutively numbered in order of their reference in the Appendix.

3.28.2 All tables shall be mentioned in the text. With few exceptions, the tables will appear as soon after the first mention as the layout will permit.

3.28.3 The table caption including a short, descriptive title shall be placed above the table. The word TABLE in uppercase letters shall precede the Arabic numeral which is followed by a space hyphen space. Each word of the title shall be in uppercase letters. See example:

TABLE 1 - TITLE

3.28.4 Microsoft Office's table feature should be used for creating all tables (in both Part Standards documents and Nonparts Standards documents).

3.28.5 For clarity, double spacing between every three rows of entries is desirable.

3.28.6 Footnotes in Tables

- Footnotes to tables should be positioned single spaced within the table.
- Numbering of footnotes is consecutive within each table in order of appearance reading the table from left-to-right.
- The line above footnotes is not utilized.
- In tables where a superscripted number identifying a footnote might be mistaken for an exponent, the footnote shall be followed by a closing parenthesis.
- Tables may have notes that are unnumbered and presented under the heading of Notes.

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3.28.7 If it is necessary to present a table in parts or if you have inch-pound unit/SI unit versions, tables should be broken down as follows:

TABLE 2 - TITLE
TABLE 2A - TITLE, INCH-POUND UNITS
TABLE 2B - TITLE, SI UNITS

3.29 Tolerances

See Section 3.17.

4. TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS

4.1 Abbreviations and Symbols

4.1.1 Abbreviations shall be in accordance with ASME Y14.38, where applicable.

4.1.2 Abbreviations in titles shall be in accordance with Cataloging Handbook H6.

4.1.3 Abbreviations and symbols for dimensions and notes shall be in accordance with ASME Y14.5M. Style (lower or uppercase letters) for abbreviations shall be per the guidelines specified in TSB 003.

- a. Symbols for use on standard drawings for dimensioning and tolerancing shall be in accordance with ASME Y14.5M.
- b. Where US customary (inch/pound) units are used, unit symbols for expressing the units in which quantities are measured shall be in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 260.1.
- c. Unit symbols for expressing SI (metric) units in which quantities are measured shall be in accordance with SAE TSB 003, IEEE/ASTM SI 10, and ANSI/IEEE Std 260.1.
- d. Graphic symbols used in figures or schematic diagrams shall be in accordance with MIL-STD-100; for hydraulic and pneumatic system diagrams, use SAE AS1290.

4.2 Artwork

See Section 4.7.

4.3 Copyrighted Material

If it is proposed to incorporate verbatim material from a copyrighted publication, the committee shall obtain written permission from the publisher for SAE to reprint the material in the published SAE Aerospace Technical Report. The letter granting permission should be forwarded to the appropriate SAE Staff Representative.

4.4 Decimal Dimensioning

Dimensions shall be expressed in decimal units. Nominal sizes shall be expressed as decimals or fractions, as determined by their design basis or historic use. Where these considerations are not decisive, decimal nominal sizes will be used.

4.4.1 The number of significant digits used in a dimension should relate to the precision of the quantity stated. This is particularly important in converting dimensions previously expressed as fractions to decimals. A dimension of $1 \frac{3}{16}$ with an intended precision of about 0.01 shall be converted as 1.19, not 1.1875. A discussion of the precision of a value, and the number of decimals proper to retain, is given in TSB 003.

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4.4.2 When it is necessary to reduce the number of decimals by rounding off, the method shown in TSB 003 shall be used.

4.5 Decimal Values

The use of decimal values is preferred over the use of fractions.

4.6 Dimensioning and Tolerancing Drawings

Refer to ASME Y14.5M and 6.3.10 for rules on dimensioning and tolerancing drawings.

4.7 Figures

Every figure, halftone (photograph), line drawing, graph, or piece of artwork should be referenced in text and numbered.

Figures must be numbered and have a short, descriptive title.

Figures must be submitted camera ready. If submitting the figure electronically, submit it using a .tif extension.

All figures must be numbered consecutively throughout the document with Arabic numerals in order of their reference in the text. All figures shall be referenced in the text. With few exceptions, the figures will appear as soon after the first mention as the layout will permit. The figure number will be placed below the figure. If only one figure appears in the document, it will also be numbered. The word "FIGURE" in uppercase letters shall precede the Arabic numeral shown as follows:

FIGURE 1 - MEASUREMENT SITE DIAGRAM

4.8 General Considerations for SAE Aerospace Technical Reports

SAE Aerospace Technical Reports are to be limited to technical, engineering, and historical considerations. They are not to include provisions that are of a commercial nature such as prices, warranties, allocation of risk or loss nor are such considerations to be a basis for SAE Aerospace Technical Reports.

4.8.1 Minimum Requirements

SAE Aerospace Technical Reports should be written in terms of performance rather than design so as not to exclude any technically adequate equipment, product, design, material, or process. Where technical requirements are established to achieve a stated purpose, such requirements should be the minimum required to achieve such purpose. In terms of standardization or interchangeability of products, only that portion of the product necessary to accomplish such standard or interchangeability should be specified. When a specific product, design, material, or the like is known not to conform to the requirements or conditions of an SAE Aerospace Technical Report applicable to the same class of products, designs, materials, or the like, the reasons (in terms of performance characteristics) for such failure are to be set forth in the minutes or files of the appropriate SAE committee together with all data supporting the conclusions of the committee.

4.8.2 Notice on all SAE Aerospace Technical Reports

Every SAE Aerospace Technical Report shall carry the following statement:

This report is published by SAE to advance the state of technical and engineering sciences. The use of this report is entirely voluntary, and its applicability and suitability for any particular use, including any patent infringement arising therefrom, is the sole responsibility of the user.

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4.8.3 Patents and Copyrights

The committees, in developing a SAE Aerospace Technical Report, are not to consider whether the subject matter set forth is patented or copyrighted. However, if the committee is aware of any copyrights applicable to published material, then such material shall not be used. In the event that it is known by the committee that following the teachings of an SAE Aerospace Technical Report will probably result in the infringement of a patent, the committee is to set forth criteria that will permit the user to conform to the SAE Aerospace Technical Report without infringing such patent.

4.8.4 Source of Supply

It is desirable that SAE Aerospace Technical Reports not contain reference to sources of supply of parts or products, or identity of manufacturers. Where a committee finds it necessary to specify a particular brand of product, such specification shall be in accordance with TSB Governance Policy.

4.8.5 Test Materials

A particular product or material may be identified by name when it is essential to uniformity in testing. In such cases, the TSB Governance Policy.

4.9 Mathematical Expressions

Express equations in a mathematically correct form, using letter symbols and signs from ANSI/IEEE Std 260.3.

4.10 Metrication

See Section 3.1 (d).

4.11 Numbering of SAE Aerospace Technical Reports

Numbers for SAE Aerospace Technical Reports are assigned by SAE.

4.11.1 Integrity of SAE Aerospace Technical Report Numbers

Changes to an SAE Aerospace Technical Report that alter it sufficiently to affect the interchangeability or the interchangeable application shall require assignment of a new number. The superseded number shall continue to exist unless cancelled.

4.11.2 Prefixes

SAE Aerospace Technical Report prefixes are as follows:

AMS - Aerospace Materials Specification
MAM - Metric Aerospace Materials Specification
AS - Aerospace Standard
MA - Metric Aerospace Standard
ARP - Aerospace Recommended Practice
MAP - Metric Aerospace Recommended Practice
AIR - Aerospace Information Report
ARD - Aerospace Resource Document (Technical Data Report)

4.11.3 Revision Letters

All revised SAE Aerospace Technical Reports carry a revision letter as a suffix. The revision letter in the issue block on the title page shall be separated from the SAE Aerospace Technical Report number by a line.

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4.12 References to Other Documents

In the text reference to other documents shall be made only to the document number, omitting its title. The complete reference, with document number, title, and ordering facility, shall be given in Section 2.

References to particular paragraphs of other documents shall be avoided because of the risk of such references becoming invalid as a result of revision. The particular portion of the document to be referenced shall be referred to by title, method number, identified requirement, or other definitive designation.

4.13 Registered Trademarks

See Section 3.24.

4.14 Revisions to Existing SAE Aerospace Technical Reports

A complete or major rewrite is best handled by retyping the SAE Aerospace Technical Report. The preferred method for noting minor revisions is to turn on track changes. Any new information will appear in color and underlined and any deletions will be appear in color strikethrough.

4.15 Shall or Should, Use of

The use of shall or should is determined by the preparing committee. The use of "shall" or "should" has no bearing on the voluntary nature of SAE Aerospace Technical Reports. Inclusion of an SAE Aerospace Technical Report in a document, standard, or contract by a company or agency is a voluntary act. When an SAE Aerospace Technical Report is so cited, the SAE Aerospace Technical Report becomes a requirement within the limitations set forth by the document, standard, or contract. The following shall apply to the use of these words:

Shall - "Shall" is to be used wherever the criterion for conformance with the specific recommendation requires that there be no deviation. Its use shall not be avoided on the grounds that compliance with the SAE Aerospace Technical Report is considered voluntary.

Should - "Should" is to be used wherever noncompliance with the specific recommendation is permissible. "Should" shall not be substituted for "shall" on the grounds that compliance with the SAE Aerospace Technical Report is considered voluntary.

4.16 Titles of SAE Aerospace Technical Reports

4.16.1 The wording of the title should be as concise as possible and shall indicate the subject matter so as to distinguish it from other SAE Aerospace Technical Report titles, without using unnecessary detailed modifiers. Any additional information that may be necessary should be given in the SCOPE. Two SAE Aerospace Technical Reports must never have the same title.

4.16.2 SAE Aerospace Technical Report Titles

4.16.2.1 Item Name for SAE Aerospace Procurement Documents: Please see Cataloging Handbook H6, ARP1590, and ARP1987 when preparing titles for SAE Aerospace Standard Parts Drawings and Parts Procurement Specifications.

4.16.2.2 Primary Name for Nonprocurement SAE Aerospace Technical Reports: Please see Handbook H6 if appropriate; or provide a primary name in a few words identifying the SAE Aerospace Technical Report.

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4.16.3 Title Construction

The complete title shall be composed of the item name (or primary name) followed by definitive modifiers necessary to identify the contents of the SAE Aerospace Technical Report and to distinguish it from other similar SAE Aerospace Technical Reports. Refer to MIL-STD-100 for rules regarding composition of titles. For Committee G-3 Aerospace Parts and Design Standards, refer to ARP1987.

Example: Standard Part Drawing

BOLT, MACHINE - Hexagon Head, PD Shank, Cres AMS 5731, .190-32 UNJF-3A

item name	modifiers

Example: Design Specification

SCREW THREADS, Buttress, MJB Profile, Metric

primary name	modifiers

4.17 Procurement Specification QML/QPL Requirement

SAE Aerospace Technical Reports that require qualification shall state the QML/QPL requirements in Section 3 (Technical Requirements) of the procurement documents using the following notes:

3.1 Qualification

Hose Assembly (or Fittings) supplied in accordance with this document shall be representative of products which have been subjected to and which have successfully passed the qualification tests specified in this standard.

3.1.1 Manufacturer Qualification

A manufacturer producing a product in conformance to this procurement specification shall be accredited in accordance with the requirements of PD2101, AS7003 and AS7112, and shall be listed in a Performance Review Institute (PRI) Qualified Manufacturers List (QML).

3.1.2 Product Qualification

All products shall conform to the requirements of this procurement specification and shall be approved in accordance with the requirements of PD2001 and PD2101 for listing in a PRI Qualified Parts List (QPL).

5. TYPING REQUIREMENTS

5.1 General Requirements

- a. SAE uses Microsoft Word.
- b. Font is Arial 10 point justified.
- c. Tables and figures shall be placed as close to their reference as possible.
- d. All tabular material should be labeled as a table.
- e. When typing text, one space should follow all periods and colons.

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6. SAE AEROSPACE PARTS OR DESIGN STANDARD FORMATS

6.1 Parts Drawing Paper - First Page

- 6.1.1 Parts drawing paper shall be as illustrated in Figure 2. The issue block, third angle projection, and Federal Supply Class block shall be contained within these border lines.
- 6.1.2 The SAE Aerospace Parts or Design Standard number and revision letter if applicable shall be displayed in both the lower right-hand corner and extending from the upper left corner as shown in details A and B of Figure 2. The "slash sheet" format as described in MIL-STD-961 shall not be used. For SAE Metric Aerospace "MA" Technical Reports equivalent to ISO, the number in the upper left corner shall read MAXXXX followed by ISO in parentheses [i.e., MA2002 (ISO 6772)].
- 6.1.3 Each sheet shall be numbered with the applicable sheet number followed by the total number of sheets as illustrated in detail C of Figure 2.
- 6.1.4 The Federal Supply Class Box shall be as illustrated in detail D of Figure 2.
- 6.1.5 The title block shall be as illustrated in detail E of Figure 2.
- 6.1.6 The custodian and procurement specification information shall be placed in the block illustrated in detail F of Figure 2.
- 6.1.7 Only one procurement specification shall be noted in the block. The procurement shall not be repeated in the notes unless a virgule note has been included in front of the specification number indicating that exceptions or explanatory comments are found in the notes.
- 6.1.8 When a third angle projection is necessary, it shall be as illustrated in detail G of Figure 2.
- 6.1.9 The issue block shall be as illustrated in detail H of Figure 2. Dates shall be indicated in the following format: 1994-04 where 1994 indicates the year, 04 indicates the month as April.

6.2 Parts Drawing Paper - Second and Subsequent Pages

Second and subsequent pages shall be as illustrated in Figure 3.

6.3 Editorial Requirements

- 6.3.1 Figures shall be numbered with an Arabic number and shall have a title as illustrated in Figure 2.
- 6.3.2 The use of the \emptyset symbol in figures and tables preceding diameters shall be used when necessary to insure communication that a specified dimension/feature is a diameter if it is not otherwise clear from the graphic or text.
- 6.3.3 For typical dimensions, the phrase "2X " or "TYP" may also be used.

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REV. X	B	D	FEDERAL SUPPLY CLASS 4720																																																		
ASXXXX	RATIONALE UPDATED QPL NOTE, WEIGHTS, AND DEDUCT LENGTHS, AND CHANGED ID TO REF AND ADDED FITTING STYLE CODE.																																																				
END PER AS1656-1B(SIZE) ASSEMBLE WITH AS1652-(SIZE) OR AS1655-(SIZE) AND AS4734-(SIZE)																																																					
END PER AS1656-3-(SIZE) ASSEMBLE WITH AS1655-(SIZE)																																																					
FIGURE 1 - HOSE ASSEMBLY																																																					
TABLE 1 - BASIC HOSE AND END FITTING DIMENSIONS																																																					
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ISSUED 1993-06 REAFFIRMED 2007-01 REVISED PROPOSED DRAFT 2007-07-30

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 Fax: 724-776-0790

FIGURE 2 - SAMPLE FIRST PAGE

SAE AEROSPACE TECHNICAL REPORT STYLE MANUAL

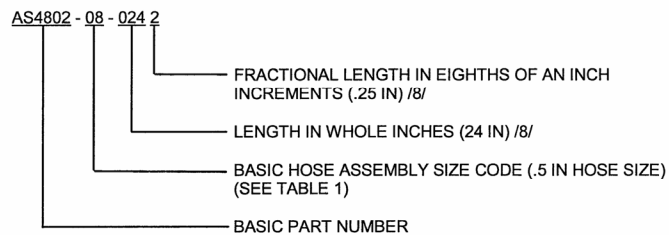
NOTES:

NOTICE

THIS DOCUMENT REFERENCES A PART WHICH CONTAINS CADMIUM AS A PLATING MATERIAL. CONSULT LOCAL OFFICIALS IF YOU HAVE QUESTIONS CONCERNING CADMIUM'S USE.

1. MATERIAL AND FINISH: PER AS4468, TABLE 1. ALL FITTING COMPONENTS 300 SERIES CORROSION RESISTANT STEEL, PASSIVATED.
- /2/ PROCUREMENT SPECIFICATION: AS4468 EXCEPT AS SPECIFIED ON THIS STANDARD. PRODUCT SUPPLIED TO THIS SPECIFICATION SHALL BE MANUFACTURED AND ASSEMBLED BY AN ACCREDITED MANUFACTURER OR ASSEMBLED BY AN ACCREDITED DISTRIBUTOR LISTED IN THE PERFORMANCE REVIEW INSTITUTE (PRI) QUALIFIED PRODUCTS LIST (QPL) PRI QPL AS4468 FOR THIS STANDARD. SEE www.eauditnet.com FOR CURRENT QPL ON LINE.
3. INTENDED USE: THESE HOSE ASSEMBLIES ARE INTENDED FOR USE IN POTABLE WATER SYSTEM INSTALLATIONS WHERE A HIGH DEGREE OF FLEXIBILITY IS REQUIRED.
4. IDENTIFICATION: PER AS4468.
5. OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS:
 - a. OPERATING TEMPERATURE: -65 TO +160 °F (-54 TO +71 °C).
 - b. OPERATING PRESSURE: 125 PSI MAX
6. FUNCTIONAL TEST AND CLEANING: PER AS4468.
7. CONSTRUCTION: PER AS4468.
- /8/ LENGTH "L" IS A FOUR-DIGIT NUMBER OF WHICH THE FIRST THREE DIGITS DESCRIBE THE HOSE ASSEMBLY LENGTH IN WHOLE INCHES, AND THE FOURTH DIGIT THE FRACTION OF AN INCH IN EIGHTHS. LENGTH "L" IS MEASURED FROM "GAGE POINT" TO "GAGE POINT". SEE TABLE 2 FOR LENGTH TOLERANCES.
- /9/ HOSE WEIGHT PLUS EACH END FITTING WEIGHT EQUALS HOSE ASSEMBLY WEIGHT. FOR DETERMINING HOSE WEIGHT, DEDUCT APPROPRIATE LENGTH CORRECTION FACTOR FROM EACH END OF THE ASSEMBLY LENGTH.
10. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING: ASME Y14.5M-1994.
11. DIMENSIONS IN INCHES. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED, TOLERANCES: LINEAR DIMENSIONS ± 0.10 , ANGULAR DIMENSIONS $\pm 2^\circ$.

12. EXAMPLE OF PART NUMBER:



13. THE CHANGE BAR (I) LOCATED IN THE LEFT MARGIN IS FOR THE CONVENIENCE OF THE USER IN LOCATING AREAS WHERE TECHNICAL REVISIONS, NOT EDITORIAL CHANGES, HAVE BEEN MADE TO THE PREVIOUS ISSUE OF THIS DOCUMENT. AN (R) SYMBOL TO THE LEFT OF THE DOCUMENT TITLE INDICATES A COMPLETE REVISION OF THE DOCUMENT.

	AEROSPACE STANDARD	ASXXXX SHEET 2 OF 2	REV. X
	(R) HOSE ASSEMBLY, LINED SILICONE, 125 PSI, FIXED CAVITY COUPLING, POTABLE WATER, STRAIGHT MALE TO 45° FEMALE		

FIGURE 3 - SAMPLE SECOND AND SUBSEQUENT PAGES

SAE AEROSPACE TECHNICAL REPORT STYLE MANUAL

- 6.3.4 Flag notes in figures (*/#*) shall be as illustrated in Figure 2.
- 6.3.5 Tables shall be numbered with an Arabic number and shall have a title as illustrated in Figure 2.
- 6.3.6 To avoid the landscape presentation, tables may be broken up into smaller tables as illustrated in Figure 4.
- 6.3.7 All text shall be presented within the Notes as illustrated in Figure 3.
- 6.3.8 The notes shall be presented in all caps, with the exception of lowercase abbreviations per TSB003.
- 6.3.9 Flag notes (*/#*) within the NOTES section shall be presented as illustrated in Figure 3.
- 6.3.10 Zeros shall be included before the decimal when using metric values and will not be included before the decimal in the inch-pound system.
- 6.3.11 To indicate changes from the previous revision, use the change bar (|). If the entire SAE Aerospace Parts or Design Standard has been rewritten, the (R) symbol shall be directly to the left of the document title. When utilizing the (|) or (R) symbol, the following statement will be included as the last Note in the Notes Section:
- The change bar (|) located in the left margin is for the convenience of the user in locating areas where technical revisions, not editorial changes, have been made to the previous issue of this document. An (R) symbol to the left of the document title indicates a complete revision of the document.
- 6.3.12 Statement that is to be added when cadmium plating is specified/referenced:

NOTICE

This document references a part which contains cadmium as a plating material. Consult local officials if you have questions concerning cadmium's use.

6.3.13 All Aerospace Parts or Design Standards must contain a Rationale. The Rationale will appear as an unnumbered paragraph at the beginning of the document before all figures or text.

6.4 Typing Requirements

- 6.4.1 SAE uses Microsoft Word, Aerial 8 point, all uppercase letters.
- 6.4.2 CAD System Preparation: Any figures/tables created using CAD must be submitted to SAE with the .dwg extension. SAE will then convert to a usable format.

6.5 Technical Requirements

6.5.1 Presentation

The primary presentation requirements consist of the following:

- a. Graphical representation of part(s)
- b. Tabular data
- c. Part number for each item
- d. Notes

SAE AEROSPACE TECHNICAL REPORT STYLE MANUAL

TABLE 1 - DIMENSIONS

TABLE 1A - DIMENSIONS A-F

BASIC NO. AS4375 /7/ SIZE CODE	(NOMINAL TUBE SIZE)	T THREAD PER AS8879	A			D		F	
			$\pm .003$	B	C	$+.004$ $-.000$	E	$+.002$ $-.003$	
02	.125	.3125-24UNJF-3A	.093	.1630	.189	.135	.552-	.565	.250
03	.187	.3750-24UNJF-3A	.125	.2340	.267	.196	.615-	.628	.312
04	.250	.4375-20UNJF-3A	.187	.2930	.319	.261	.678-	.691	.364
05	.312	.5000-20UNJF-3A	.234	.3560	.382	.324	.740-	.753	.426
06	.375	.5625-18UNJF-3A	.297	.4160	.441	.386	.802-	.816	.481
08	.500	.7500-16UNJF-3A	.422	.5600	.601	.514	.990-	1.003	.660
10	.625	.8750-14UNJF-3A	.500	.6860	.727	.641	1.115-	1.128	.773
12	.750	1.0625-12UNJ -3A	.656	.8100	.852	.766	1.365-	1.380	.945
14	.875	1.1875-12UNJ -3A	.765	.9360	.977	.891	1.490-	1.505	1.070
16	1.000	1.3125-12UNJ -3A	.875	1.0620	1.102	1.016	1.615-	1.630	1.195
20	1.250	1.6250-12UNJ -3A	1.093	1.3160	1.355	1.270	1.865-	1.880	1.507
24	1.500	1.8750-12UNJ -3A	1.344	1.5650	1.604	1.520	2.115-	2.135	1.756
32	2.000	2.5000-12UNJ -3A	1.813	2.0680	2.108	2.022	2.740-	2.760	2.381

TABLE 1B - DIMENSIONS H-Y

BASIC NO. AS4375 /7/ SIZE CODE	H $\pm .003$	J	K	L			N		V	W MAX	Y
				$\pm .005$	M	$+.015$ $-.000$					
02	.188	.375	.542	.128	.005	.063	.005-	.010	.002	.250	
03	.234	.422	.605	.158	.005	.063	.010-	.015	.002	.310	
04	.234	.453	.668	.174	.005	.075	.010-	.015	.002	.365	
05	.250	.453	.730	.190	.010	.075	.010-	.015	.002	.425	
06	.250	.469	.792	.193	.010	.083	.010-	.015	.002	.480	
08	.305	.562	.980	.210	.010	.094	.010-	.015	.002	.660	
10	.350	.625	1.105	.255	.010	.107	.010-	.015	.002	.775	
12	.350	.688	1.355	.253	.010	.125	.010-	.015	.003	.945	
14	.356	.688	1.480	.260	.010	.125	.010-	.015	.003	1.070	
16	.415	.688	1.605	.322	.010	.125	.010-	.015	.003	1.195	
20	.415	.688	1.855	.325	.015	.125	.020-	.030	.003	1.505	
24	.485	.688	2.105	.390	.015	.125	.020-	.030	.003	1.755	
32	.485	.688	2.730	.395	.015	.125	.020-	.030	.003	2.380	

FIGURE 4 - EXAMPLE OF BREAKING UP LARGE TABLES

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6.5.2 Graphical Representation

Graphical representation of the part(s) shall be the first requirement presented at top of sheet 1, or the entire sheet 1, if required. The graphics shall be positioned so that the small dimension of the paper is in the vertical (portrait) position. The graphics shall define the complete configuration of the part to be manufactured, following the rules specified in MIL-STD-100 with regard to the following:

- a. Projection, Orientation, and Callout: Third angle projection of views per ASME Y14.3M

For Committee G-3 Aerospace Parts or Design Standards, the bulkhead end of a fitting and bulkhead drawing, shall be the left-hand end on the run except for a tee with bulkhead on side in which case, the bulkhead shall be the bottom side. Nuts, sleeves, and cap assemblies shall be shown as if the mating fitting on which they are tightened would be to the right. For Aerospace Parts or Design Standards with ports, the fitting ends on reducer fittings may be numbered such as port 1, port 2, etc. The rule of sequence is left to right and top to bottom. For fitting end callout, use the note, "FITTING END PER _____."

- b. Line Conventions: Ink line conventions per ASME Y14.2M

- c. Typing or Lettering: Typing of notes and dimensional values is preferred; mechanical ink lettering may be used per ASME Y14.2M for style and size

- d. Dimensioning and Tolerancing: Specify US Customary (inch/pound) units for dimensional values. The SI metric soft conversions of the specified inch/pound units need not be included for information. The dimensioning and tolerancing practice (including geometric tolerance symbols) for new drawings shall be per ASME Y14.5M-1994. Existing drawings being revised shall be per the dimensioning and tolerancing practice to which they were originally prepared.

For Committee G-3, tabulated drawings will have letter codes for dimensions starting with the letter "A". The letter "T" is generally reserved for threads. The letters shall be shown in alphabetical sequence except for threads which shall appear immediately after, NOMINAL TUBE SIZE. The first letters of the alphabet shall be used for major overall dimensions. For MA drawings, it is desirable to use the same letter codes as the ISO drawing if one exists.

- e. Surface Texture Symbols: Shall be per ASME Y14.36M using microinch values for surface roughness requirements.
- f. Screw Threads: Screw thread representation shall be per ANSI Y14.6. Unified screw threads and their designation shall be in accordance with AS8879 for all aerospace applications, except electrical items and some coupling standards may specify unified threads per MIL-S-7742. The thread specification shall be listed at the top of the column heading. For metric threads, a note number referring to thread gaging per MA1566 shall be included. If all the threaded ends are called out on the drawing per fitting end standards, the T Thread may be enclosed in parenthesis on the field of the drawing and the thread specification along with the gaging note omitted. The T Thread shall include the thread tolerance.

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For example of Column Headings:

Inch Callout
For External and Internal Threads

T_THREAD
PER AS8879

For External Threads	Metric Callout	For Internal Threads
T_THREAD PER MA1370/X/ 4g6g		T_THREAD PER MA1370/X/ 4H5H

/X/ THREAD GAGING PER MA1566

- g. Welding Symbols: Shall be per ANSI/AWS A2.4
- h. Marking Method: The method for marking the part (for identification or other marking requirements) shall be specified by a selected marking method from AS478, indicating by a local note and leader the area for the markings. For example:

MARK PART NUMBER AND MANUFACTURER'S IDENTIFICATION PER AS478 CLASS D.

- i. Conventional representation of mechanical features, such as gears, springs, etc., and graphic symbols for diagrams shall be per MIL-STD-100, except aircraft hydraulic and pneumatic symbols shall be per AS1290, environmental systems schematic symbols may be per ARP780, and symbols for fuel and oil system schematic diagrams may be per ARP1482.
- j. Scale: Scale of drawing is not indicated; except where an enlarged view or section is shown, the enlarged view or section shall be identified similar to the following:

ENLARGED VIEW A ENLARGED SECTION THRU THD PROFILE

The part drawing on the master should be made large enough to retain clearly all details after reduction to publication size.

- k. Callout of Referenced ISO Document (for Committee G-3): When calling out a fitting end on an SAE MA Technical Report for which there is an equivalent ISO document, the ISO number is to appear after the MA number within parenthesis. For example, "FITTING END PER MA2095 STYLE E (ISO73210)."

6.5.3 Tabular Data

The following rules shall apply:

- a. Standard part drawing of a single item shall have all dimensions specified on the graphic representation of the part, and a tabulation of dimensional data is not required, unless data other than dimensions require tabulation.
- b. Standard part drawing of several items having the same configuration as shown in the drawing, but are of different sizes, such as diameter, length, etc., shall specify a designation letter for each dimension that will be affected by the change in item size. See MIL-STD-100 and 6.5.2d for rules on selecting designation letters.
- c. The dimension designation letter is shown in the feature dimension line and also in the table as one of the headings.

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- d. Location: The table shall be placed immediately beneath the part drawing, where feasible; otherwise place on the following sheet.
- e. Column Headings: Where each item size contains no other variable, such as length, the table headings shall be similar to the following example in the order shown in Figure 5. Columns shall have a single heading. The table shall be prepared without vertical lines and without internal horizontal lines.

PART NUMBER	NOMINAL SIZE	A	B	C ±.005	APPROX MASS lb/100
----------------	-----------------	---	---	------------	--------------------------

NOTE: For Committee G-3 Aerospace Parts or Design Standards, refer to 6.5.3 (4) for specifying weights

FIGURE 5 - SAMPLE COLUMN HEADINGS

- (1) Part Number: The complete part number shall be as shown at the top and the dash number listed below in the column. The dash numbers in the column shall all have the same number of digits equal to the largest dash size callout but shall consist of at least two digits. Add one or more zeros to smaller size dash numbers to maintain consistent number of digits as necessary. For example: the tube size shall have the letter prefix DN or the letters DN may be placed at the top of the column. The dash size shall be equal to the millimeter tube size. For example: DN12.

FOR INCH POUND DASH NUMBER

TWO DIGIT DASH SIZE CALLOUT	THREE DIGIT DASH SIZE CALLOUT
ASXXXX	ASXXXX
03	008
08	064
16	096
24	120

FOR METRIC DASH NUMBER

TWO DIGIT DASH SIZE CALLOUT	THREE DIGIT DASH SIZE CALLOUT
MAXXXX	MAXXXX
05	008
14	050
40	190

- (2) Nominal Size: Where applicable, the nominal size of each item is listed for identification, and is for reference only (without tolerance). Other nominal features related to the item may be used for reference, such as nominal tube size, nominal shaft size, etc.
- (3) Dimensional Letter Symbol: The designation letter assigned to each feature dimension line specified on the part drawing is also shown in the table as a column heading. If the letter symbol is a diameter dimension, then it is prefixed by the diameter symbol \varnothing . A tolerance shall be specified under the symbol in the column heading unless covered by the general tolerance which requires no tolerance in the heading. Where the tolerance is not the same for all values in a column, the values shall be specified as min and max on the same line, specifying the min value first and followed by a hyphen, i.e., 1.052 - 1.064.

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For Committee G-3 Aerospace Parts or Design Standards, feature symbols such as Ø (dia), R (rad), HEX, or AVG shall appear on the field of the drawing and shall not be repeated in the table. Dimensional tolerance notation such as REF, MIN, MAX, or APPROX shall appear in the table headings and should not be repeated on the field of the drawing. A tolerance shall be specified under the symbol in the column heading unless covered by the general tolerance, which requires no tolerance in the heading. For unilateral tolerances, the plus limit may be placed over the minus limit or the values may be specified as min and max on the same line, specifying the min value first and followed by a hyphen, i.e., 1.052 - 1.064. MA standards equivalent to ISO drawings that include symbols for limits and fits shall be so indicated by flag note. For example "1/3/ HEX TOLERANCE CONFORMS TO h13 PER ISO R286."

- (4) Mass (weight): The approximate mass of each part or group of parts shall be specified in the last column of the table. If unit mass is given, then indicate "LB/EA", if a group mass is given, then indicate "LB/100, LB/1000", etc. in the column heading. The value for mass should reflect the mean mass to three significant figures and shall not exceed five decimal places.

For Committee G-3, Aerospace Parts, the part weight shall be specified as follows:

Parts that are fully dimensioned shall use "MASS, LB/EA, APPROX, REF", "MASS, LB/100, APPROX, REF", "MASS, LB/1000, APPROX, REF", etc. for inch parts. For metric parts "MASS, KG/EA, APPROX, REF", "MASS, KG/100, APPROX, REF", "MASS, KG/1000, APPROX, REF", etc. shall be used.

NOTE: Approximate weight is defined as the actual weighed weight or the calculated weight using median (mid-tolerance) dimensions.

Other parts that are not fully dimensioned shall use "MASS, LB/EA, MAX", "MASS, LB/100, MAX", "MASS, LB/1000, MAX", etc. for inch parts. For metric parts "MASS, KG/EA, MAX", "MASS, KG/100, MAX", "MASS, KG/1000, MAX", etc. shall be used.

When the word "mass" is used as part of the title for the table, it shall not be repeated in the column heading, i.e., the heading shall now read, for example, as "LB/EA, MAX" or "KG/EA, MAX".

- f. Multiple Tables: Where each item size contains another variable, such as length, a separate part number for each length of the item is required. If several item sizes are listed, such as various diameters of bolts, then multiple tables for the dimensional values and dash numbers will be required as follows:

- (1) Table 1: Table 1, located below the part drawing, will have column headings similar to the example shown in (e) above except the approximate mass column is not added and the part number column is changed to indicate a code number for size as shown in Figure 6.

The diameter code number (or code for another feature size) is selected to represent the first two or three digits of the dash number shown in subsequent tables.

TABLE 1 - DIMENSIONS

DIA CODE	NOMINAL DIA	C THD	A	ØB	±.005
03	.190	.190-32UNJF-3A			
04	.250	.250-28UNJF-3A			

FIGURE 6 - SAMPLE COLUMN HEADS FOR MULTIPLE TABLES

- (2) Tables 2, 3, etc.: For each item size, a table is shown on the sheets following sheet 1 which specify the various available lengths (or other variable feature), the assigned dash number for each length, other dimensions related to length, and the approximate mass for each length as shown in Figure 7.

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L LENGTH ±.010	DASH NO.	N MIN	M MAX	APPROX MASS LB/100
.812	-030812			
.	.			
.	.			
1.062	-031062			

FIGURE 7 - SAMPLE COLUMN STRUCTURE FOR EACH ITEM SIZE

6.5.4 Part Number

Each item listed on the SAE Aerospace Parts or Design Standard part drawing shall be assigned a part number which consists of the SAE Aerospace Parts or Design Standard number followed by a dash number, e.g., AS9999-99. The part number shall not exceed 19 characters, which includes the Arabic numerals, capital letters, and dash. The rules given in MIL-STD-100 on the composition of part numbers shall apply to SAE Aerospace Technical Reports. The following rules also apply to the composition of dash numbers:

The differing requirements of different industry segments has resulted in several options in part numbering systems.

- Where the standard part drawing specifies only one part, the item part number shall be the SAE Aerospace Parts or Design Standard number followed by -1, e.g., AS9999-1.
- Where the SAE Aerospace Parts or Design Standard part drawing specifies a series of parts, Option 1, utilized by E-25, specifies that the drawing be restricted to one type, class, and grade of parts, such as, one configuration (e.g., hex head plain bolt), one material (e.g., A286), one finish (e.g., unplated), etc. Separate standard part drawings should be made for each different type of configuration, material, finish, etc., of a series of similar parts, such as bolts. Thus, the number of variables on each standard drawing can be held to a minimum, such as, various diameters and lengths. With this kind of standard part drawing, the dash number can consist of numerals only, and without any need for code letters in the part number.
- Option 1 dash number consists of nonsignificant Arabic numerals, not to exceed two or three digits so that the part number can be in its simplest form. Where there are matching standards under separate drawing numbers, it is desirable to correlate the nonsignificant dash numbers on each standard so that the same variable is assigned the same dash number on each standard. For example: Separate O-ring seal standards of different materials specify the same dash number for each O-ring size.
- Option 2 dash number consists of significant Arabic numerals, not to exceed eight digits. Numeral codes are assigned to the variables, such as diameter and length. For example: Dash number -41062 may assign the number 4 to mean 0.250 diameter (four 16ths) and the number 1062 to mean 1.062 length.

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- e. Option 3, utilized by Committee G-3, the dash number consists of one or two dash numbers of significant Arabic numerals and coded capital letters that replace the dashes or are suffixed after the second dash number. This system provides a complex part number as shown in Figure 8.

AS9999V10H1062C where,

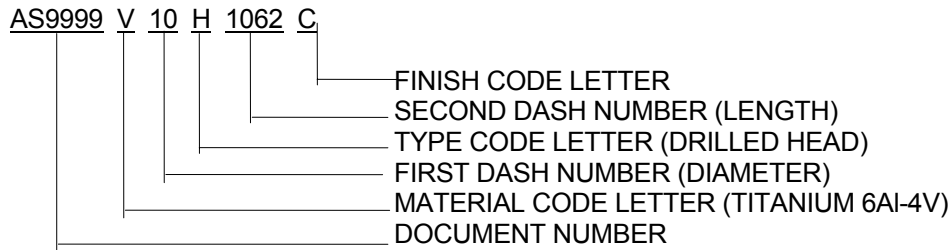


FIGURE 8 - A COMPLEX PART NUMBER

Standard drawings using the Option 3 dash number are different from the preferred drawing given in (b) above because multiple configurations, materials, finishes, etc., are specified in one drawing in lieu of separate standard drawings. This practice requires the reader of the standard drawing to compose (or decode) the complete part number, using the dash numbers and code letters that pertain to the specific part selected. For further guidelines on this dash numbering system, see ARP1590, guidelines for fluid system part numbering.

6.5.5 Notes

Notes are numbered and placed under tables. See Figure 2 for examples of notes in the order that they should be specified, where applicable.

For Committee G-3 Aerospace Parts or Design Standards, when the Aerospace Parts or Design Standard consists of several different components and there is no subcomponent drawing, then the material, heat treat and/or finish etc., may appear on a common table. For Metric Aerospace Parts or Design Standards having a DN column, the first note shall be, "DN = NOMINAL TUBE OUTSIDE DIAMETER". In this instance, the material note shall be note 2 and subsequent notes numbered accordingly.

Other notes pertaining to the Aerospace Parts or Design Standard part drawing may follow note 6 and then notes 7 through 13 shall be renumbered accordingly in the same order as shown. The following rules shall apply to the notes:

Note 1, Material: One material per standard part drawing is preferred practice. Alternative forms of the same material are permitted, e.g., AMS 5731 bar and AMS 5525 sheet. AMS specifications for materials shall be specified wherever applicable even though the AMS specification is not listed in the DODISS; suitable industry or Government specifications may be specified if no AMS specification is available for the application. Separate standard part drawings should be prepared for similar parts (such as bolts) of different kinds of materials, e.g., A286, INCO 718, Waspaloy, titanium, etc. Optional: standard part drawings may specify letter codes in the part number for different materials in lieu of separate drawings for each material. For example: "CODE T -6AL -4V TITANIUM ALLOY PER AMS 4928".

Note 2, Heat Treatment: Normally, the heat treatment requirement shall be specified in the SAE Aerospace Procurement Specification, and also, in some material specifications. When exceptions to the heat treatment is required, the detailed heat treatment process (including temperature, time, quenching media, and sequence of the manufacturing operation that heat treatment shall be performed) shall be specified in Note 2. For example: "HEAT TREAT - TO CONDITION H1075 PER AMS 2759/3" or "HEAT TREAT PER PROCUREMENT SPECIFICATION".

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Note 3, Hardness: Hardness shall be specified on the SAE Aerospace Standard Part Drawing even though it is also specified in the SAE Aerospace Procurement Specification or material specification. For Committee G-3 Aerospace Parts or Design Standards, if hardness is specified in the procurement specification or material specification it shall not be repeated on the part standard unless there is a compelling reason to do so. Hardness requirements shall show the numerical value for hardness followed by the type of hardness test using the following ISO conventions:

HB, hardness Brinell	HR, hardness Rockwell
HV, hardness Vickers	HR, hardness Rockwell Superficial
HK, hardness Knoop	

HB denotes the usual Brinell test (10 mm ball, 3000 kgf, 10 to 15 s load application); for other conditions, the HB is supplemented by numbers indicating the test conditions in the following order: ball diameter, load in kgf, and duration of loading in seconds.

For example: 63 HB/10/500/30 indicates a Brinell hardness of 63 measured with a 10 mm ball and a load of 500 kgf applied for 30 s.

277 to 363 HB indicates a Brinell hardness range of 277 to 363 measured by the usual Brinell test.

In specifying Vickers hardness, the HV shall be followed by a number indicating the load and by a second suffix number indicating the duration of loading when not the normal 10 to 15 s.

For example: 440 HV30 indicates a Vickers hardness of 440 measured under a 30 kg load applied for 10 to 15 s.

440 HV30/20 indicates a Vickers hardness of 440 measured under a 30 kg load applied for 20 s.

In specifying Rockwell hardness, the HR shall be followed by the letter or number and letter combination denoting the scale to be used. No hyphen or space shall be used between the HR and the scale designation.

For example: 26 to 32 HRC indicates a Rockwell C scale hardness range of 26 to 32.

78 to 80 HR15N indicates Rockwell Superficial 15N scale hardness range of 78 to 80.

Note 4, Finish: When plating or coating is required, the standard part drawing shall specify the applicable specification for the finish process, thickness required if not covered in the specification, and whether the dimensions of the part apply before or after plating or coating even though it is stated in the specification. This plating note does not apply to Committee G-3 Aerospace Parts or Design Standards. AMS specifications should be specified wherever applicable.

Note 5, Nondestructive Inspection: Heat treated parts should be subject to magnetic particle inspection per ASTM E 1444 for magnetic materials, and fluorescent penetrant inspection per ASTM E 1417 for nonmagnetic materials (other nondestructive inspection requirements, such as, X-ray and ultrasonic inspection, should be specified where required). The inspection standard for imperfections shall also be specified if not included in the procurement specification. Nondestructive inspection may or may not apply to Committee G-3 Aerospace Parts or Design Standards.

Note 6, Procurement Specification: Standard part drawings should specify the applicable procurement specification that covers technical requirements not generally specified on the drawing, performance tests, quality control requirements, and packaging requirements. AS or AMS specifications should be specified wherever applicable. If no specification is applicable, enter "NONE" in this note.

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For G-3 Aerospace Parts the procurement specification (if applicable) is specified above the title block. If a procurement specification is not applicable, add the word "NONE" above the title block.

a. For Nadcap-QML, Discrete Components:

/flagnote/ "PROCUREMENT SPECIFICATION: ASxxxx EXCEPT AS SPECIFIED ON THIS STANDARD. PRODUCT SUPPLIED TO THIS SPECIFICATION SHALL BE MANUFACTURED BY AN ACCREDITED MANUFACTURER LISTED IN THE NADCAP QUALIFIED MANUFACTURER LIST (QML) FOR THIS PRODUCT TYPE. THE QML IS AVAILABLE AT www.eauditnet.com."

b. For Nadcap-QML Assemblies:

/flagnote/ "PROCUREMENT SPECIFICATION: ASxxxx EXCEPT AS SPECIFIED ON THIS STANDARD. PRODUCT SUPPLIED TO THIS SPECIFICATION SHALL BE MANUFACTURED BY AN ACCREDITED MANUFACTURER, AND ASSEMBLED BY AN ACCREDITED MANUFACTURER OR ASSEMBLING DISTRIBUTOR LISTED IN THE NADCAP QUALIFIED MANUFACTURER LIST (QML) FOR THIS PRODUCT TYPE. THE QML IS AVAILABLE AT www.eauditnet.com."

c. For PRI-QPL, Discrete Components:

/flagnote/ "PROCUREMENT SPECIFICATION: ASxxxx EXCEPT AS SPECIFIED ON THIS STANDARD. PRODUCT SUPPLIED TO THIS SPECIFICATION SHALL BE MANUFACTURED BY AN ACCREDITED MANUFACTURER LISTED IN THE PERFORMANCE REVIEW INSTITUTE (PRI) QUALIFIED PRODUCTS LIST (QPL) PRI-QPL-ASxxxx FOR THIS STANDARD. SEE www.eauditnet.com FOR CURRENT QPL ON-LINE."

d. For PRI-QPL, Assemblies:

/flagnote/ "PROCUREMENT SPECIFICATION: ASxxxx EXCEPT AS SPECIFIED ON THIS STANDARD. PRODUCT SUPPLIED TO THIS SPECIFICATION SHALL BE MANUFACTURED AND ASSEMBLED BY AN ACCREDITED MANUFACTURER OR ASSEMBLED BY AN ACCREDITED DISTRIBUTOR LISTED IN THE PERFORMANCE REVIEW INSTITUTE (PRI) QUALIFIED PRODUCTS LIST (QPL) PRI-QPL-ASxxxx FOR THIS STANDARD. SEE www.eauditnet.com FOR CURRENT QPL ON-LINE."

e. For Items Without QPL/QML in Specification, When Control is Needed:

/flagnote/ "USERS OF THIS STANDARD ARE ADVISED TO CONTROL SOURCE APPROVAL BY STANDARD PAGE SUPPLEMENT OR SIMILAR MEANS."

For G-3 Aerospace Parts or Design Standards, these notes shall be followed with "IDENTIFICATION", "WORKING PRESSURE" and interpretation of drawing note as applicable and numbered accordingly.

- a. "IDENTIFICATION" - The note may read "IDENTIFICATION PER PROCUREMENT SPECIFICATION" or may give specific marking instructions. For example: "MARK PER AS478 CLASS C OR D OR METHOD 7A3, 15A3, OR 15B".
- b. "WORKING PRESSURE: THIS PART IS DESIGNED FOR USE IN XXXX (specify psi for inch, kPa for metric) WORKING PRESSURE".
- c. For inch pound drawings - "INTERPRETATION OF DRAWING PER ARP4296".

Note 7, Surface Texture: Where specific surfaces require surface texture control, the method of designating the controls for roughness, waviness, and lay shall be per ASME Y14.36M. The technical meaning of the designation specified per ASME Y14.36M is given in ASME B46.1. The first note shown in example Note 7 shall be specified wherever surface texture control is required; whereas, the second note should be used, with applicable arithmetical average (Ra) roughness value, whenever surface roughness control is required on all remaining surfaces not designated by the roughness symbol.

For Aerospace Parts or Design Standards, the note shall read, "SURFACE TEXTURE; SYMBOLS PER ASME Y14.36M; REQUIREMENTS PER ASME B46.1 UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED, MACHINED SURFACES TO BE 125 µin Ra". "MAX" is not to be used in the callout.

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Note 8, Break Edges: "BREAK EDGES .003 TO .015 UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED". The noted example should be specified for metallic parts, except sheet metal parts (such as clamps and brackets) should specify the following note: "REMOVE BURRS AND SHARP EDGES". Die-cut nonmetallic parts, such as gaskets, should specify the note: "EDGES TO BE CLEAN CUT". Parts made from forgings or castings having fillets should specify a note similar to the following: "ALL FILLETS .005 TO .020 R UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED".

Note 9, Dimensioning and Tolerancing: All Aerospace Parts or Design Standard part drawings shall follow the dimensioning and tolerancing practice in ASME Y14.5M and shall specify the following note: "DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING: ASME Y14.5M-1994".

Note 10, Units and General Tolerances: All Aerospace Parts or Design Standard part drawings using the inch/pound system of units shall specify the following note: "DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES". Where general tolerances are to be specified, should specify a note similar to the following: "DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED, TOLERANCES LINEAR DIMENSIONS .XX ± .YY, .XXX ± .ZZZ. ANGULAR DIMENSIONS ±X° XX'." For G-3 Aerospace Parts or Design Standards, the general angle drawing tolerance shall be specified as 0° 30'.

Note 11, Part Number Examples: This note is not required where the Aerospace Parts or Design Standard part number is given for each item in the table of dimensions. Where multiple tables are used giving the dash number for each length (or other variable) of a given item size and no code letters are assigned, the example in Note 11 should be specified to provide examples of the complete part number and the significance of the digit codes assigned in the dash number. Where letter codes are assigned for use in the part number, the meaning of each letter code and its position when applied in the dash number shall be provided. For G-3 Aerospace Parts or Design Standards, three decimal places shall be used for inch-pound units to denote the relationship of tube size to dash size. For example: "TUBE SIZE IN .062 in INCREMENTS (08=.500 in)".

Note 12, Unassigned Part Numbers: The dash numbers specified in the tables of an Aerospace Parts or Design Standard part drawing are the only dash numbers that can be selected for developing the part number to be used for procurement purposes. A drawing change is required if a new size and dash number is required. All Aerospace Parts or Design Standard part drawings shall specify the note shown in example Note 12. This note is not used by Committee G-3.

Note 13, Drawing Status Notes: SAE Aerospace Parts or Design Standard part drawings that are inactivated or cancelled shall specify a status note selected in accordance with the rules given in MIL-STD-962. For G-3, the drawing status shall be specified in accordance with the appropriate following note: ITEM INACTIVATION NOTATIONS.

- a. **INACTIVE FOR DESIGN AND PROCUREMENT:** When an item is made inactive and is no longer to be procured, the note, "PART NO. XXXXX IS INACTIVE FOR DESIGN AND PROCUREMENT AS OF YR/MO/DAY. USE PART NO. XXXXX" shall be applied in accordance with instructions specified herein. Unless there is good reason to deviate, the effectivity date for inactivation shall be 3 months after the document revision date. The drawing or part standard shall also include a note per 6.5.6 of the style manual regarding instructions on the use of inactive items in inventory. Addition of the notes constitutes a change; therefore, an entry in the revision block to the next higher revision level shall be made to the part standard.
- b. **INACTIVE FOR NEW DESIGN, ITEM REMAINS PROCURABLE:** When an item is made inactive but remains procurable in support of old design systems, the note, "PART NO. XXXXX IS INACTIVE FOR NEW DESIGN AS OF YR/MO/DAY. USE PART NO. XXXXX FOR NEW DESIGN" shall be applied in accordance with instructions specified herein. Unless there is good reason to deviate, the effectivity date for inactivation shall be 3 months after the document revision date. Addition of the note constitutes a change; therefore, an entry in the revision block to the next higher revision level shall be made to the part standard.

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- c. **INACTIVE FOR NEW DESIGN, NO REPLACEABLE ITEM:** When an item is made inactive and there is no existing or new item to replace it, the note, "PART NO. XXXXX IS INACTIVE FOR NEW DESIGN AS OF YR/MO/DAY. NO REPLACEABLE ITEM" shall be applied in accordance with instructions specified herein. Unless there is good reason to deviate, the effectivity date for inactivation shall be 3 months after the document revision date. Addition of the note constitutes a change; therefore, an entry in the revision block to the next higher revision level shall be made to the part standard.
- d. **NOTE PLACEMENT:** When a part standard is approved for inactivation, the placement of the applicable wording shall be in accordance with d.1 and d.2 below. The notation shall not obliterate existing product information.
- (1) When the entire part standard is approved for inactivation, the complete inactivation wording shall appear immediately following the last note (usually EXAMPLE OF PART NO.) on the part standard. For multiple page documents, the word "INACTIVE" shall conspicuously appear immediately above the title block (or as near as possible) with a reference note indicator to draw attention to the complete wording per a., b., or c. appearing after the last note on the last page.
 - (2) When less than the entire part standard is approved for inactivation (one or more parts remain active) a reference note indicator shall be applied next to the part(s) that are inactivated and the complete inactivation wording shown in a., b., or c. as applicable shall be applied immediately following the last note (usually EXAMPLE OF PART NO.) on the part standard. For multiple page documents, the words, "INACTIVE IN PART" shall conspicuously appear on the first page immediately above the title block (or as near as possible) with a reference note indicator to draw attention to the complete wording per a., b., or c. appearing after the last note on the last page.

6.5.6 Additional Requirements for G-3 Aerospace Parts or Design Standards Only

The note "THIS IS A DESIGN STANDARD NOT TO BE USED AS A PART NUMBER" will not be used. "DESIGN STANDARD" will be added to the title.

The note "INVENTORIED PARTS CONFORMING TO THE PREVIOUS LETTER CHANGE MAY BE USED TO DEPLETION" will be added to the drawing when the change does not affect functional interchangeability, reliability, or safety. The note "INVENTORIED PARTS CONFORMING TO THE PREVIOUS LETTER CHANGE MAY NOT BE USED AS OF YR/MO/DAY. THE NOTE WILL BE ADDED TO THE DRAWING WHEN THE OLD DESIGN IS DEEMED TO AFFECT RELIABILITY OR SAFETY."

Information note - For notes concerning international standardization and coordination, place flag note symbol next to the custodian and put notation in note section. For example: /9/ ASD INTEREST: FUTURE REVISIONS TO THIS STANDARD SHALL BE COORDINATED WITH ASD-STAN C4."

Limiting dimensions for MJ metric screw threads are presented in MA1370. Preferred standard thread series are listed in Table 2 of AS1730. Standard thread series for Aerospace Fluid Fittings are listed in Table 3C of AS1730.

The word "HEX" shall be used on the field of a drawing to designate a symmetrical figure.

7. SAE AEROSPACE SUPPLEMENT

Supplement sheets may be used with documents to identify those standards that cite the specification for which the Supplement sheet is written:

7.1 Supplement Balloting

7.1.1 The Supplement will be reviewed/balloted by the parent committee only at the initial publication.

7.1.2 Subsequent Supplement sheet revisions will be considered editorial only and subject to subcommittee ballot only.

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7.2 Supplement Designations

- 7.2.1 The Supplement shall be designated in numerical sequence; i.e. AS1424SUP2 supersedes AS1424SUP1.
- 7.2.2 Each revision to the Supplement shall be complete; i.e. it shall incorporate all pertinent information from the preceding revision. There shall be only one (1) Supplement active at a time per document.
- 7.2.3 The Supplement must reflect the current revision of the applicable parts procurement specification and the Supplement NUMBER shall always revert to "1" each time a new PPS revisions is referenced, i.e. AS1424ASUP1.

7.3 Instructions and Entry Format

See Figure 9.

ASXXXXSUP1

AEROSPACE STANDARD

[Title of Parts Procurement Specification]

1. SCOPE. This Supplement forms a part of Aerospace Standard ASXXXX, [AS title], Revision X and shall be used to identify standards citing this procurement specification.
2. Reference Documents

ASYYYY	Hose Assembly ...
ASWWWW	Hose
...	
3. [Notes. Reference may be made to "similar" product such as listing "equivalent" MAXXXX, ISOXXX or MIL-H-XXXXX Procurement Specification(s). No technical data, exceptions or additions to the PPS shall be included in the Supplement.]

FIGURE 9 - SAMPLE SUPPLEMENT

